Topic Plan

Year 4 Spring 2 – Journey into the unknown.

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Key Skills	Key Facts	Key Vocabulary				
 Describe Britain's settlement by Anglo-Saxons and Scots. Use a variety of resources to find out about aspects of life in the past. Communicate learning in an organised and structured way, using appropriate terminology. 	 The Anglo-Saxons that crossed the North Sea to come to Britain were often farmers. Anglo-Saxons lived in wooden huts with straw roofs; inside the hut was one room. Families would all sleep, eat and spend time in this room. The first Anglo-Saxons were Pagans – meaning they worshipped many gods who controlled the weather, crop growing and war. Many of our Christmas traditions came from the Anglo-Saxons. Christmas coincides with Yuletide, which they celebrated around of 25th December. Eating a Yule log, hanging up stockings and decorating houses with holly are all things we do because of Anglo-Saxon traditions. 	 Angles – Tribes from modern day Denmark. Christianity – A religion based on the teachings of Jesus. Missionary – a person from a religion sent to spread the faith. Pagan – A religion that involves worshipping many gods and goddesses. Picts – Tribes originally from Scotland who were called 'foul' and had 'a lust for blood.' Saxons – German – Dutch tribes who settled in Britain from around 450 AD. 				
Key Figures/Places	Reading and Writing Links					
 The Anglo-Saxons came from Germany, Denmark, and the Netherlands. Alfred the Great – King of the West Saxons from 871 to 886 and went on to become King of the Anglo-Saxons from about 886 – 899. Raedwald of East Anglia – Anglo-Saxon King of East Anglia who reigned in the early part of the 7th Century. 	Varjak Pavy SF Said Ilistrated by Selection regional architecture in charles a readout Achieve's chain's purpose and a WINNER OF THE SMARTHES PRIZE GOLD AWARD Varjak Paw by SF Said					

Sutton Hoo – two early medieval cemeteries dating from 6th to 7th Century near

Woodbridge.